

CLASS NOTES

Class: VII

**Topic: Tropical and Sub-Tropical Region
Extra questions**

Subject: Social Science(Geography)

Extra questions: (To be written in copy)

Q1. Differentiate between Amazon Basin and Ganga Brahmaputra Basin.

Ans1.	Amazon Basin	Ganga Brahmaputra Basin
i)	It lies in Tropical region between 10*N and 10*S.	It lies in Sub-Tropical region between 10*N and 30*N
ii)	It has an Evergreen type of vegetation.	It has Deciduous type of vegetation.
iii)	Population is very less.	The area is dominated by huge population.
iv)	This area experiences equatorial type of climate.	This area experience monsoon type of climate.
v)	The minerals found in the Ganga-Brahmaputra basin include limestone, sandstones etc.	Amazon basin is considered to have rich rich deposits like kaolin, coal, petroleum, iron ore etc.

Q2. Write a short note on the activities of the people of Ganga Brahmaputra valley.

Ans2. i) Agriculture is the main occupation of the people.

ii) The main crop is paddy, which requires sufficient water to grow.

iii) Wheat ,maize ,barley are the crops that are grown here.

iv) Silk is produced through rearing of silkworms in the parts of Bihar and Assam.

v) Terrace farming is also done in slopy area.

***Content Prepared from home**

Q3. Write a brief account on the agricultural practices done by the people of Amazon Basin.

Ans3.i) The people of Amazon basin perform slash and burn method of agriculture.

It is a way of cultivating land where farmers clear a piece of land by slashing or cutting down trees and bushes.

ii) These are then burnt, which release the nutrients into soil.

New crops are grown in this cleared field for a few years.

iii) After repeatedly using the patch of land, the soil loses its nutrients.

So it is abandoned. Then they clear another plot of land to plant.

In the meantime young trees grow in the old field. In this way soil fertility is restored and the cultivation can be done again.

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