

CLASS NOTES

Class: VI

**Topic: Buildings ,Paintings and books
Practice Worksheet**

Subject: Social Science (History)

Look at the picture and answer the question:

1.

I am a box containing remains of Buddha.

Who am I?



2.

The term monolithic stands for

Single piece of stone

Two piece of stone

Three piece of stone

3. Silappadikaram is the story of a merchant named Kovalan, who lived in

- (a) Pukar
- (b) Puhar
- (c) Pohar
- (d) Pihar

4. What was the most important part of an ancient Hindu temple where the image of the chief deity was placed ?

- (a) Shikhara
- (b) Garbhagriha
- (c) Madhyagriha
- (d) Mundka

5 . According to the Mahabharata, the war between the Kauravas and the Pandavas was fought to control which part ?

- (a) Mahabalipuram
- (b) Aihole
- (c) Hastinapur
- (d) Sanchi

6. Manimekalai, a Tamil epic, was composed by

- (a) Ilango
- (b) Kalidasa
- (c) Kovalan
- (d) Sattanar

7. Mahabalipuram is famous for

- (a) Garbhagriha
- (b) Pillars
- (c) Temples
- (d) Carved statues

8. Subject of Meghaduta was related to:

- a) A story of a king and its wars
- b) A story of an Indian warrior
- c) A story of lovers who are separated
- d) A story of worship

9. Look at the picture given below and answer the questions:



- (a) Where is this piece of sculpture found?
- (b) Give the title of the story made on it.
- (c) What do we learn from this story?

10. Which war was fought between the Kauravas and Pandavas?

- (a) Ramayana
- (b) Mahabharat
- (c) Both of these
- (d) None of these

11. Name the area where people could assemble in Temple.

- a) Hall
- b) Sabha
- c) Mandapa
- d) None of these

12. Epics are grand, long compositions, about heroic men and women, but does not include gods.

a) True

b) False



13. Above picture represents the Jaina Monastery from-

- a) Aihole
- b) Mahabalipuram
- c) Orissa
- d) Ujjain



14. This Durga temple was built around

- a) 1500 Years ago
- b) 1600 Years ago
- c) 1400 Years ago
- d) 1300 Years ago

15. Devotees walked around the stupa, in an anticlockwise direction, as a mark of devotion.

a) True

b) False

16.



Assertion: Stupa means a mound. Often, a path, known as the Pradakshina patha, was laid around the stupa.

Reason: It was constructed with the purpose that people could remember Buddha and his followers.

A) A is true but R is false.

B) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

C) A is false but R is true.

D) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

17.



Look at the picture and answer the questions that follows:

a) Name the monument.

b) Mention its height and weight.

c) Where is it located?

d) Is there anything amazing about it. If yes then what?

18. What do the following terms mean:

a) Epics

b) Shikhara

19.a) Archaeological excavations have shown that the Harappans were master craftsmen and had knowledge of metallurgy.

b) Stories from the Jatakas were often shown on the of stupas and in paintings in places such as Ajanta.

c) Sushruta speaks about elaborate procedures.

d) Paper was invented in China about 1900 years ago, by a man named

20. Which of the following statement is true?

a) An association of ivory workers were paid for one of the beautiful gateways at Sanchi from the treasury of King and Queen.

b) The colours used for the paintings were made from the bones of animals.

c) Meghdoot is the famous poem written by Charak.

d) Bhaskaracharya was the famous Ayurveda doctor.

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