

# CLASS NOTES

Class: VI

Topic: REVISION PAPER

Subject: ENGLISH

## SECTION A – READING

**Q 1 A. Read the passage carefully and answer the question that follow it.**

What causes the monsoon? The monsoon, which is essentially the seasonal reversal in wind direction, causes most of the rainfall received in India and some other parts of the world. The primary cause of monsoons is the difference between annual temperature trends over land and sea. The apparent position of the Sun with reference to the Earth oscillates from the Tropic of Cancer to the Tropic of Capricorn. Thus the low pressure region created by solar heating also changes latitude. The northeast and southeast trade winds converge in this low pressure zone, which is also known as the Intertropical Convergence Zone or ITCZ. This low pressure region sees continuous rise of moist wind from the sea surface to the upper layers of the atmosphere, where the cooling means the air can no longer hold so much moisture resulting in precipitation. The rainy seasons of East Asia, sub-Saharan Africa, Australia and the southern part of North America coincide with the shift of ITCZ towards these regions.

**Now on the basis of your reading, choose the most appropriate answer.**

- (i) **Monsoon is \_\_\_\_\_**
  - (a) a type of sea wave.
  - (b) a seasonal reversal in wind direction.
  - (c) very hot wind.
  - (d) very cold wind.
- (ii) **What is the full form of ITCZ?**
  - (a) Intertrance Convergence Zone
  - (b) Intertropical Convergence Zone
  - (c) Intertropical Capricorn Zone
  - (d) Intertropical Conveyance Zone.
- (iii) **The major cause of monsoon is the \_\_\_\_\_ .**
  - (a) difference between annual temperature trends over land and sea
  - (b) difference between day and night temperature
  - (c) moisture in the atmosphere
  - (d) None of these
- (iv) **Low pressure region is created by \_\_\_\_\_ .**
  - (a) solar heating
  - (b) lunar cooling
  - (c) moist wind
  - (d) dry wind
- (v) **It rains when \_\_\_\_\_ .**
  - (a) moist wind goes down
  - (b) dry wind meets moist wind
  - (c) the air can no longer hold moisture resulting in precipitation
  - (d) annual temperature goes down
- (vi) **Find a word from the passage which means – move or swing back and forth**
  - (a) apparent
  - (b) oscillate
  - (c) converge
  - (d) precipitation

**B. Read the passage carefully and then answer the questions.**

Newspapers are our good friends. Life without Newspapers is a waste. Newspapers bring us news and views from all corners of the world. Any incident or occurrence of importance that takes place as reported by the newspapers. The word "NEWS" is interpreted as North, East, West and South. It means that the newspaper provides us with information and news regarding various subjects from all directions. Newspapers also give us articles on all kinds of topics such as political, social, economic, monetary, business, commerce, sports, education, health etc. Newspapers publish advertisements that attract the attention of the customers.

They also contain book reviews of literary, historical and other books by the scholars. Newspapers are of different types. Some newspapers are published daily. They are called "Dailies". We must cultivate the habit of reading newspapers to know what is happening around the globe. The one who reads newspapers and interprets editorial pages can only be master in current affairs and general knowledge. Reading newspapers helps you to find out what news is and how it is written. The one who dreams of being a journalist should not spare a day without reading the newspaper. They should be aware about the editorial and be well versed with vocabulary. We will get to know news from all the countries if we read newspapers regularly. If we are reading the newspapers seriously, it will also help to shine in competitive examinations.

Questions:

1. What kind of articles are published in newspapers?
2. What are the benefits of reading an editorial page?
3. Complete the statements
  - (i) The term NEWS is used because \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (ii) We must cultivate the habit of reading newspaper as \_\_\_\_\_.
4. How one can benefit by reading newspaper?
5. Do as directed"
  - (i) The synonym of the word – monetary
    - (a) uncommercial
    - (b) fiscal
  - (ii) The antonym of 'seriously' is
    - (a) casually
    - (b) grievously

**SECTION B - WRITING**

Q 3. Suppose you are caught in a storm while returning home from school. Write a short paragraph in about 100 words describing your experience.

OR

You are Pradeep/ Pradeepti Mehta, a student of class VI, Venkateshwar International School, Chennai. Draft a notice to be put up on the school noticeboard inviting students to buy your old textbooks which are in excellent condition.

Q 4. Write a letter to your mother describing about the wonderful animals you came across when you visited Australia as part of your boarding school tour. (word limit 100)

OR

You will be out of station for five days due to zonal level football tournament. Write a letter to the Principal of your school asking to sanction you the leave for the aforesaid period. (within 100 words)

**SECTION B - GRAMMAR**

Q 5. The following passage has not been edited. Write the Incorrect word and Correct word in the columns provided. The first one has been done for you.

Passage	Incorrect	Correct
Children are fond to mango. It is a juicy or citrous fruit, available in much varieties. Mangoes grow on a tree over tropical and temperate climate.	to _____ _____ _____	of _____ _____ _____

**Q 6. Rearrange the jumbled words to make meaningful sentences. Remember to use capital letter and correct punctuation marks.**

1. games/should not be/at home/played/outdoor  
\_\_\_\_\_

2. known/all over/India/the/world/is  
\_\_\_\_\_

3. will be/ next month/ the/schools/closed/from  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Q 7 A. Fill in the blanks with Simple tenses.**

(i) We \_\_\_\_\_ in the programme in the next year.

- (a) performs
- (b) perform
- (c) will perform

(ii) Mr Sharma \_\_\_\_\_ me yesterday in the market.

- (a) meets
- (b) met
- (c) will meet

**7 B. Fill in the blanks with continuous tenses.**

(i) He \_\_\_\_\_ to Lisa when Mrs. Wilson came in.

- (a) is talking
- (b) was talking
- (c) will be talking

(ii) Hurry up! We \_\_\_\_\_ for you at the moment.

- (a) are waiting
- (b) were waiting
- (c) Will be waiting

(iii) My sister \_\_\_\_\_ the City Hospital as an administrator in a week's time.

- (a) is joining
- (b) was joining
- (c) will be joining

**Q 8. Complete the statements by choosing the appropriate option.**

- (i) Either Karan or Atul has \_\_\_\_\_ the glass. (break/broken)
- (ii) Fire and ice \_\_\_\_\_ opposites of each other. (is/are)
- (iii) The players, as well as the captain \_\_\_\_\_ to win. (want/wants)
- (iv) Richa \_\_\_\_\_ know the answer. (don't/doesn't)

**Q 9. Identify the type of noun of the underlined word.**

- (i) Slavery was an ill practice.
- (ii) The Royal Bengal Tiger is found in the Sunderbans.
- (iii) The bravery of the soldier saved the day.

**Q 10. Identify the sentences as Assertive, Interrogative, Imperative or Exclamatory.**

- (i) Have we received any letter from them?
- (ii) Alas! We lost the trophy.
- (iii) Turn off all the lights and fans when you leave the room.

**Q 11. Read the lines carefully and then answer the questions.**

'I do think that it one of the cases where we might ask the advice of the lady from Philadelphia.'

- (i) **Who is the speaker of the above words?**  
(a) Solomon John  
(b) Agamemnon  
(c) Mrs Peterkin
- (ii) **What case is the speaker talking about?**  
(a) The trunk  
(b) The Atlas  
(c) Little boys' kite
- (iii) **Why does the speaker want advice from the lady from Philadelphia?**  
(a) She was very wise.  
(b) She was very selfish.  
(c) She was very cunning.

**Q 12. Read the lines and answer the questions that follow them.**

And though I don't mean  
To crib, whinge and whine  
A little appreciation would be nice  
When you sit down to dine

- (i) **Who is the poet of these lines?**  
(a) William Wordsworth  
(b) Robin McMaugh Klien  
(c) Natasha Sharma
- (ii) **Who wants a little appreciation?**  
(a) The poet  
(b) The roti  
(c) The child
- (iii) **What is the rhyme scheme of these lines?**  
(a) aabb  
(b) abab  
(c) abcb

**Q 13. Answer ANY FOUR questions in 20 words.**

- (i) Who were the first visitors of the cherry tree?  
(ii) What did the speaker see all at once and where?  
(iii) Why was it still winter in one corners of the garden?  
(iv) What fate is the roti prepared for?  
(v) What can a Tassie devil do when one pats on its head?

**Q 14 A. Write the antonyms of:**

- (i) Virtue x  
(ii) Barren x

**B. Do as directed.**

- (i) We should never \_\_\_\_\_ (respect) anyone. (add a prefix)  
(ii) This chair is more \_\_\_\_\_ (comfort) than that one. (add a suffix)

**C. Make anagrams.**

- (i) votes - \_\_\_\_\_  
(ii) tugs - \_\_\_\_\_

**Q 15. Answer ANY TWO questions in 50-60 words.**

- (i) Describe the landscape of Australia as painted in the poem.



