

CLASS NOTES

Class: VIII

Topic:

CHAPTER-3

Subject: SOCIAL SCIENCE

WHY DO WE NEED A PARLIAMENT?

EXTRA QUESTIONS

6. How can all the citizens participate in the decision-making process of the government?

ANS-(i) In a democracy general elections are held and all adults have a right to vote.

(ii) The citizens elect a few people to represent them in the Parliament.

(iii) The Parliament is made up of all these representatives.

(iv) These representatives are known as Members of the Parliament.

(v) One group, from among these elected representatives forms the government.

It is through these representatives that the citizens take part in the decision-making of the government.

7. Why do we need a Parliament?

ANS- 1) Parliament is the final authority for making laws, changing laws or abolishing existing laws.

(ii) It controls our whole country and takes decisions in favor of the country.

(iii) Parliament all over the world exercises some control over those who run the government.

(iv) Parliament controls all the money which the government has.

(v) It is the highest form of debate on public issues and national policy in the country.

8. What is the difference between Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha?

ANS-

LOK SABHA

RAJYA SABHA

i) It is also known as "Lower House" and "House of the people"

i) It is also known as "Upper house" and "Council of States"

ii) People who are qualified to vote can elect their representative by way of direct elections	ii) The representatives are indirectly elected by the elected representative of the Assemblies of States and Union Territories
iii)The maximum members of Lok sabha is 543 and 2 are nominated by the president.	iii)The maximum members of Rajya Sabha are 233 and 12 are nominated by the president.
iv)The representative of Lok Sabha is the 'Speaker'- Mr.Om Birla.	iv)The representative of Rajya Sabha is the Vice-President of India-Mr.Venkaiah Naidu
v) Lok Sabha is dissolved after every five years or earlier by the president	v) Rajya Sabha is a permanent body which is not subject to dissolution. One-third of its members retire after every second year.

9.Discuss the various role and function of the Parliament in India elected by the special election provisions.

ANS-i)To select the national government i.e.President,Loksabha and Rajya Sabha.

ii)To control,guide and inform the government about certain policies.

iii)The fundamental functions of parliament is to make laws for the country.

