

- iii) The governor can exercise _____ power without consulting the chief minister.
- iv) The Carnatic Wars resulted in the _____ ousting the _____ from the Indian trade.
- v) Kabir preached the _____ form of bhakti.
- vi) Patan, Burhanpur, Kashi, Dhaka, Devgiri and Kanchi were centres of _____ production.
- vii) _____ are mined near Kimberly and Pretoria in the Highveld.
- viii) Delhi is on the bank of river _____.

Q.3 Match the following columns.

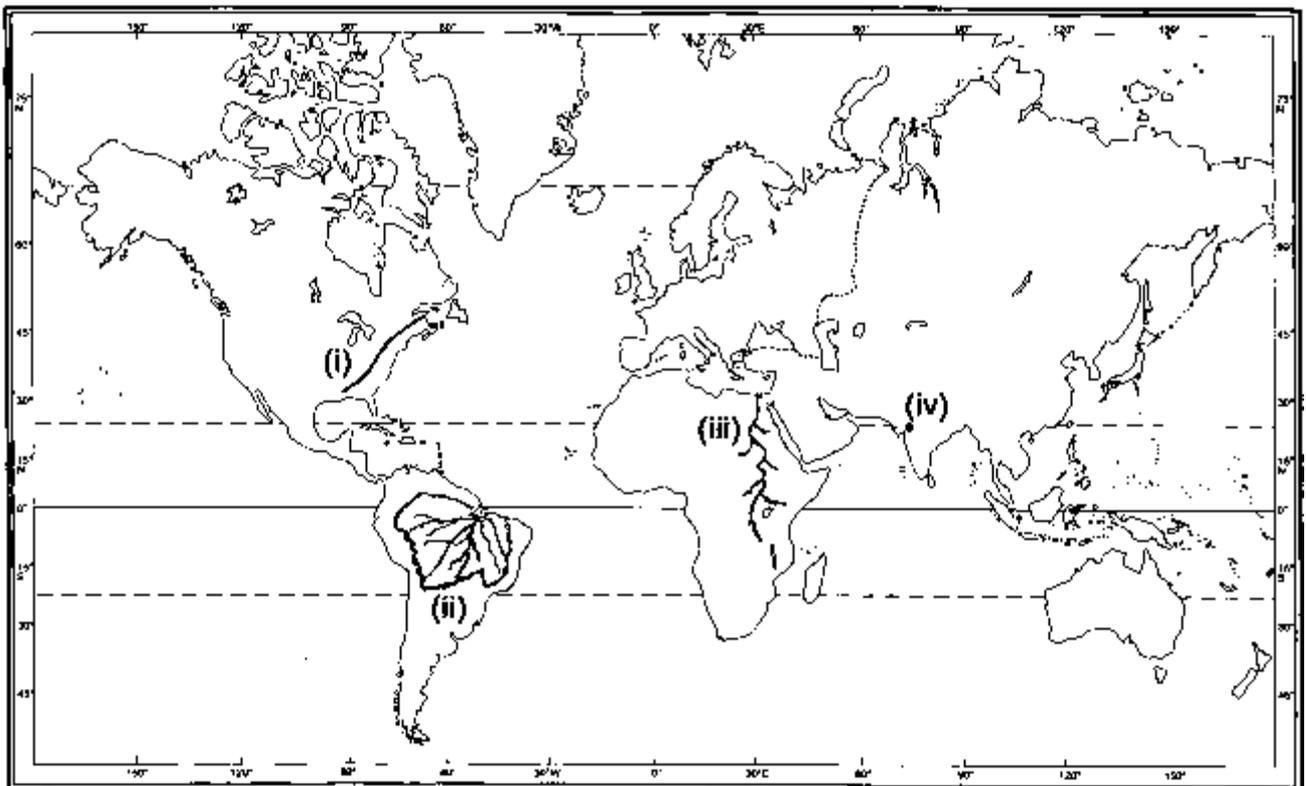
(1×8=8)

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| i) Gold | a) founded the Maratha State |
| ii) Uranium | b) Represents the union government |
| iii) Khambhat | c) place of pilgrimage |
| iv) Prayag | d) Actually runs the state executive |
| v) Ahmed Shah Abdali | e) port |
| vi) Shivaji | f) Lake Athabaska, Canada |
| vii) Governor | g) Johansberg, South Africa |
| viii) Chief Minister | h) fought the third battle of Panipat |

Q.4 Identify the marked places in the following map with the help of the clues.

(4)

- (i) A mountain range
- (ii) A river basin
- (iii) A river
- (iv) A Port city famous for its Zari work in medieval age



- Q.5 Name the following.** (1×6=6)
- i) The shrine around which the town of Amritsar develop.
 - ii) The colouring material that was exported by the European traders from Surat.
 - iii) The saint who wrote Ramacharitamanas.
 - iv) Two taxes collected by Shivaji.
 - v) A union territory that has a legislature of its own.
 - vi) The world's highest waterfall.

- Q.6 Draw a neat and labelled diagram of the following.(ANY ONE)** (5)
- i) Different sections of a river course
 - ii) The landforms created by marine erosion

SECTION – B

- Q.7 Give reasons for the following.** (2×3=6)
- i) There was rapid growth around the temples.
 - ii) Crops do not flourish in the Veld.
 - iii) The media should follow a code of ethics.

- Q.8 Answer the following questions in short.** (2×5=10)
- i) What are the chief landforms of the Sahara?
 - ii) What is weathering? How does it differ from erosion?
 - iii) Distinguish between the saguna and nirguna forms of bhakti.
 - iv) How did the Marathas anger the Jats, Rohillas and other Indian powers?
 - v) Who are the important members of state executive?

- Q.9 Answer the following questions in about 40 – 60 words. (any five)** (3×5=15)
- i) Give a brief account of the agricultural activities performed by the tribes of the Amazon Basin.
 - ii) What is meant by mixed farming? What kind of machine is combine?
 - iii) Mention three items that medieval Indian traders exported. Name three Indian towns which had European trade settlement.
 - iv) How were hundis used? What was the advantage of using it?
 - v) When and where did the Bhakti Movement begin?What kind of work is Jnaneshwari?
 - vi) What is meant by a federal system of government?

SECTION - C

Q.10 Answer the following questions in about 70 to 100 words. (any five) (5×5=25)

- i) What do you understand by media? How do the media provide a forum for discussion and debate?
- ii) What are the main functions of the chief minister?
- iii) Briefly describe the life style of the nomadic pastoral people of Sahara.
- iv) Mention the different types of independent states that arose during the Later Mughal period. What were the causes of Maratha failure in the third battle of Panipat?
- v) Write a short note on any one.
 - a) Kabir and his teachings
 - b) Gurunanak and his teachings
- vi) Explain why there was rapid urbanisation at administrative centres.
- vii) State how the veld differs from the North American prairies with reference to climate and soil.
- viii) Give an account of agriculture in Nile Valley.

Q.11 Read the following passage and answer the questions below.

In 1976, education was made a subject of the Concurrent List. The central government tries to maintain a uniform standard of education throughout the country. Primary education is given a lot of importance. All children aged between 6 and 14 years now have the right to get free education.

The Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan scheme has been launched to make education available to all children. A state government gets money from the central government for promoting education in the state. With this money, it is expected to set up new schools in the state, construct school buildings and classrooms, appoint teachers, and so on.

- i) Under which list does education come? (1)
- ii) Free Primary Education is available to which age group? (1)
- iii) What is a state government expected to do with the money for promoting education? (2)
- iv) State one change in education system that you expect from the government. (1)

