

ANNUAL EXAMINATION, 2018-19

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time : 3 hrs.

Class – IX

M.M. : 80

Date - 20.02.2019 (Wednesday)

Name of the student _____ Section _____

General Instructions :

- All questions are **compulsory**.
- Marks are indicated against each question.
- Questions from serial number **1** to **7** are very short answer type questions. Each question carries **one mark**.
- Questions from serial number **8** to **18** are **3 marks** questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed **80 words** each.
- Questions from serial number **19** to **25** are **5 marks** questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed **120 words** each.
- Question number **26** and **27** are map question from History and Geography respectively.

- Q.1** What do you understand by the term Preamble? (1)
- Q.2** Mention the objective of women suffragette movement. (1)
- Q.3** Who were called 'November Criminals'? (1)
- Q.4** What is the relationship between age composition and dependency ratio? (1)
- Q.5** What is fixed capital ? Give example (1)
- Q.6** Is population an asset or a liability for the economy ? Give reason. (1)
- Q.7** Why is calorie requirement higher in rural areas than in urban areas ? (1)
- Q.8** Write any three features of democracy. (3)
- Q.9** Who were the Kalangs? Mention any two qualities of this community. (3)
- Q.10** What was Hitler's foreign policy ? (3)

OR

Write three points on terms of the treaty of Versailles.

- Q.11** Our Constitution does give the Rajya Sabha some special power over the states but on most matters, the Lok Sabha exercises supreme power. Discuss. (3)
- Q.12** State any three provisions made in the Constitution to prevent exploitation of weaker sections. (3)
- Q.13** What steps have been taken by the Government of India to protect the flora and fauna of our country ? (3)
- Q.14** Give the characteristics of monsoon rainfall in India. (3)

OR

What are the controls affecting the climate of India ? Describe briefly.

- Q.15** What are the different ways of increasing production on the same piece of land ? Use examples to explain. (3)
- Q.16** How is human resource different from other resources like land and physical capital ? Explain. (3)
- Q.17** Explain any three features of the National Rural Employment Guarantee Act, 2005. (3)

OR

Discuss any three measures to reduce poverty in India.

Q.18 How is food security ensured in India ? (3)

Q.19 What is Constitution? Why do we need Constitution ? (5)

OR

What are the challenges to free and fair election?

Q.20 Describe the powers of the Prime Minister. (5)

Q.21 Analyse any five effects of the World War I on Russia. (5)

OR

Explain Stalin's Collectivization programme.

Q.22 Why was the period from 1793-94 referred as Reign of terror? (5)

OR

What were the Changes brought by the French Revolution?

Q.23 "In mountainous area, there is a change in natural vegetation due to decrease in temperature." Justify the statement by giving examples from different zones. (5)

OR

Give an account of biodiversity in India. Why is biodiversity necessary and why should it be conserved ? (2+3)

Q.24 Explain any five objectives of National Population Policy, 2000. (5)

OR

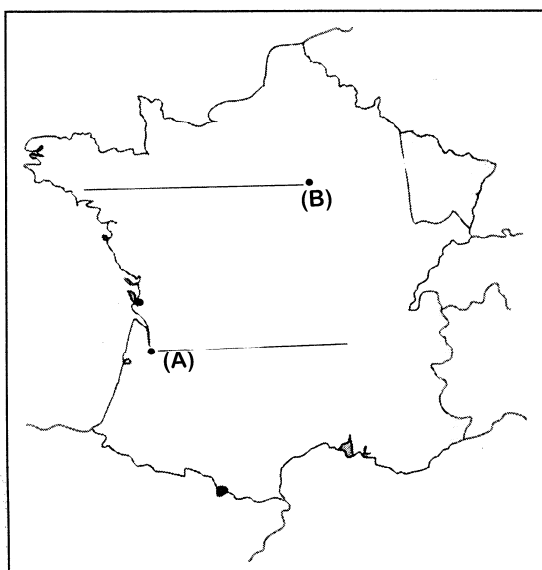
What are the advantages of having healthy population? Why is the rate of population growth in India declining since 1981 ? (3+2)

Q.25 What has our government done to provide food security to the poor ? Discuss any two schemes launched by the government. (5)

OR

Which are the people more prone to food insecurity?

Q.26 On the given map of France, two places A, B are marked. On the basis of the given information, identify the regions on the map. (2)



a) A Port of France related to slave trade.

b) A city of France where storming of Bastille occurred on 14th July, 1789.

Q.27 On the political map of India locate and label the following: (3)

a) The Union Territory having the least population.

b) The state having lowest sex ratio

c) Simlipal National Park

