

ANNUAL EXAMINATION, 2018-19

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time : 3 hrs.

Class – VI

M.M.: 80

Name of the student _____ Section ____ Date-14.02.2019 (Thursday)

General Instructions :

- The questions paper is divided into four sections - A, B, C and D.
- All the questions are compulsory.
- Marks are allotted against each question.
- The map work should be done in the map attached with question paper.
- Tie the map inside the answer sheet.

SECTION – A

Q.1 Choose the correct answer

(½x6=3)

- i) The place where Buddha taught for the first time
a) Sarnath b) Bodhgaya c) Sanchi d) Pataliputra
- ii) In this season the migratory birds arrives in India
a) Rainy b) Winter c) Summer d) Spring
- iii) These mountains are created when large areas are broken and displaced vertically
a) Fold b) Volcanic c) Block d) none of these
- iv) The person in charge of the police station is known as
a) Station Master b) Station House Officer
c) Superintendent of Police d) Collector
- v) The value of prime meridian is
a) 0° b) 90° c) 180° d) 360°
- vi) A well-known species of trees in Mangrove forest
a) Sundari b) Deodar c) Keekar d) Peepal

Q.2 Fill in the blanks :

(1x5=5)

- i) _____ stopped Harshawardhana to cross river Narmada.
- ii) _____ means not hurting or killing living beings.
- iii) The Hindu succession Act was amended in the year _____.
- iv) The full form of F.I.R is _____.
- v) In a Municipal corporation the elected members are called _____.

- Q.3 Name the following :** (1x4=4)
- The other name of Patwari.
 - The head of gram panchayat.
 - The thing which was known as black gold in Roman Empire.
 - The place where Rampurwa Bull has been placed at present.

- Q.4 Give one word for the following :** (1x3=3)
- The miniature form of the Earth.
 - The permanent frozen rivers of ice .
 - The Tamil word meaning three chiefs.

- Q.5 Define.** (1x3=3)
- i) Bhakti ii) Prashasti iii) Sericulture

- Q.6 Answer the following in one sentence.** (1x5=5)
- What sorts of people became the upanishadic thinkers?
 - Mention any one rule of sangha.
 - Mention one unique feature about Ashoka as a ruler.
 - Why does the torrid zone receives maximum amount of heat ?
 - What are the sources of income of gram panchayat?

SECTION – B

- Q.7 Answer the following in 30 words.** (2x4=8)
- Write in short about the importance of silk Route.
 - Who were samantas ? How did they help the kings?
 - What is prime meridian? Why is it important?
 - Make a list of any two works of the Municipal Corporation which affects your life?

- Q.8 Distinguish between :** (2x2=4)
- Evergreen forests and Deciduous forests.
 - Isthmus and Strait

- Q.9 Answer the following (Any 5)** (3x5=15)
- What were the reasons which brought the chinese pilgrims to India?
 - What are the causes of soil erosion?
 - What do you understand by Councillor's Committees ?
 - Why are river plains thickly populated?
 - Write any three teachings given by Mahavira.
 - Explain the three local assemblies of Pallavas.

SECTION – C

Q.10 Answer the following (Any 4)

(5x4=20)

- i) What were the problems that Ashoka wanted to solve by introducing dhamma?
- ii) What is the link between Gram sabha and Gram panchayat. What is the importance of panchayati raj in Indian democracy ?
- iii) How are mountains useful to man?
- iv) Write a short note on Nalanda University.
- v) What are the advantages of plateau? Describe the two process through which landforms are formed.
- vi) Describe Samudragupta's policies towards the different kind of rulers.

SECTION – D

Q.11 i) Draw a well labelled diagram of layers of atmosphere.

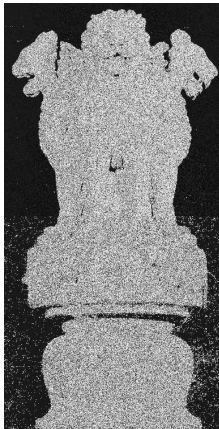
(3)

OR

Heat Zones of the Earth.

ii) Identify the following places

(1x2=2)



(a)



(b)

Q.12 Map

(5)

- i) On the supplied map of India mark the following
 - a) Great Indian Desert
 - b) western coastal plain
 - c) capital of Ashokan Empire
- ii) Identify the following places and mark on the map.
 - a) The renowned Buddhist university (monastery)
 - b) The capital of Pallavas

