

PRACTICE QUESTIONS
SUBJECT - ECONOMICS
CLASS – IX

- Q.1 Why is poverty line higher in urban area than in rural area?
- Q.2 Explain the following term:
i) Social Exclusion ii) Vulnerability
- Q.3 Discuss the major reason for poverty in India.
- Q.4 How did the British policies cause Poverty in India? Explain
- Q.5 Describe some of the important poverty-alleviation programmes currently being implemented in India.
- Q.6 State the recent measures that are expected to result in sharp reduction in poverty.
- Q.7 Explain the concept of Human Poverty.
- Q.8 How do you explain inequality of incomes within a family?
- Q.9 What do you mean by food security? What are its dimensions?
- Q.10 How is food security affected during a natural calamity?
- Q.11 Identify the areas in India where famine-like conditions have existed in recent times.
- Q.12 Distinguish between chronic hunger and seasonal hunger.
- Q.13 What are the two components of the food security system designed by the government? Explain them.
- Q.14 Explain the following terms:
i) Minimum support price ii) Issue price
- Q.15 Write short notes on:
i) National Food for Work Programme. ii) Antyodaya Anna Yojana.
- Q.16 What are the problems associated with high minimum support prices of food grains?
- Q.17 What are the problems of the functioning of the ration shops?
- Q.18 Do you believe that green revolution has made India self-sufficient in food grains? Why?
- Q.19 Which states in India are more food insecure?
- Q.20 Are the dynamics of poverty reduction the same in rural and urban areas?
