

ECONOMICS – XI

ONE MARK QUESTIONS

1. What do you mean by Colonialism?
2. When India's first official census operation undertaken?
3. What was the effect of decline of the handicraft Industry in India?
4. Give the meaning of occupational structure.
5. Name some notable economists, who estimated India's per capita income during the colonial period.
6. Define statistics in plural sense.
7. What do you mean by non-economic activity. Also give two examples.
8. What are the reasons of scarcity?
9. What is Economics?
10. Give two reasons of low level of agricultural productivity during the colonial rule.

THREE MARK QUESTIONS

11. What are the main reasons of stagnation in agriculture sector under the British rule? (any two)
12. What was the two-fold motive behind the systematic de-industrialisation effected by the British in pre-independent India?
13. What do you mean by commercialisation of agriculture? "Decline of handicraft industry adversely affected the Indian economy". Explain.
14. Explain any three functions of statistics?
15. Explain any three importance of statistics in economics.
16. Explain any three positive contributions of the British rule towards Indian economy.
17. What do you mean by colonialism?
18. Wants are unlimited and the means to satisfy them are limited. Explain this statement by giving two examples.
19. What are your reasons for studying Economics?
20. Explain the importance of statistics.
21. "Statistics is defined as the science which deals with the analysis of statistical data." Discuss.
22. Frame five two-way questions.
23. What are the qualities of a good Questionnaire?

24. What type of data involves less time and less expenses?
25. What are statistical errors?
26. What are the essential samples of a good sample?
27. Do you agree that classified data are better than raw data? Why?
28. What do you mean by classification of data?
29. What precautions should be taken into account while selecting title of the table?
30. What are the essentials of a good table?
31. What kind of diagrams are more effective in representing the following:
 - a) Monthly rainfall in a year.
 - b) Composition of population of Delhi by religion.
 - c) Components of cost in a factory.
32. What are the general rules for constructing graphs ?
33. Classify frequency distribution graphs with suitable examples.
34. What are the time series graphs and when do we use them?
35. What is the difference between one variable graph and two or more variable graph?
36. What are the advantages of diagrammatic presentation of data?
37. Give a quantitative appraisal of India`s demographic profile during the colonial period.
38. Describe in brief the colonial exploitation of the Indian economy under the British rule.
39. What do you mean by Mixed Economy ? What are its advantages?
40.
 - a) What do you mean by agrarian reforms?
 - b) How would you classify the agrarian reforms introduced in Indian agriculture during five year plans?
41. Distinguish between subsistence farming and commercial farming.
42. Explain the following terms:
 - a) land reforms
 - b) land ceiling
 - c) consolidation of land holdings.
43. Explain the Industrial licensing policy adopted during 1950-90.
44. Why were small industries protected by the Government? What measures were initiated in this regard ?
45. Explain the achievements of the policies adopted during 1950-90 in industrial development.
46. Explain how import substitution can protect domestic industry?
