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## CLASS X - ENGLISH

**Q.1. Read the comprehension given below and answer the questions by selecting the correct options: [5]**

Courage is not only the basis of all virtues; it is its expression. Faith, hope, charity and all the rest don't become virtues until it takes courage to exercise them. There are roughly two types of courage. The first, an emotional state which urges a man to risk injury or death, is physical courage. The second, a more reasoning attitude which enables him to take coolly his career, happiness, his whole future, or his judgement of what he thinks either right or worthwhile, is moral courage.

I have known many men, who had marked physical courage, but lacked moral courage. Some of them were in high places, but they failed to be great in themselves because they lacked moral courage. On the other hand, I have seen men who undoubtedly possessed moral courage but were very cautious about taking physical risks. But I have never met a man with moral courage who couldn't, when it was really necessary, face a situation boldly.

1. All virtues become meaningful because of

- a) faith            b) charity            c) courage            d) hope

2. Physical courage is an expression of

- a) emotions            b) deliberation            c) uncertainty            d) defiance

3. People with physical courage often lack

- a) mental balance            b) capacity for reasoning  
c) emotional stability            d) will to fight

4. A man with moral courage can

- A) defy his enemies            b) overcome all difficulties  
c) face a situation boldly            d) be very pragmatic

5. A man of courage is

- a) cunning            b) intelligent            c) curious            d) careful

**Q.2. Fill in the blanks with suitable articles 'a', 'an' or 'the' in the following sentences: [3]**

1. It is .....honour to be his follower.

- a) the            b) an            c) a            d) None of the above

2. He is .....very industrious student.

- a) an            b)a            c) the            d) None of the above

3. Which is .....nearest station from here?

- a) the            b) a            c) an            d None of the above

**Q.3. Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with appropriate prepositions.**

**[3]**

1. He was rewarded for rescuing a child.....danger.

- a) in                    b) from                    c) on                    d) at

2. One should be sure .....what one plans to do.

- a) of                    b) for                    c)at                    d)on

3. My grandmother is equally affectionate .....all.

- a) with                    b) for                    c) at                    d) to

**Q.4. In questions below, the sentences have been given in Direct/Indirect Speech. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the given sentence in Indirect/Direct Speech.                    [4]**

1. She said that her brother was getting married.

- a) She said, "Her brother is getting married."  
b) She told, "My brother is getting married."  
c) She said, "My brother is getting married."  
d) She said, "My brother was married."

2. Dhruv said that he was sick and tired of working for that Company.

- a) Dhruv said, "He was tired of that Company."  
b) Dhruv said, "I am sick and tired of working for this Company."  
c) Dhruv said to me, "I am sick and tired of working for this Company."  
d) Dhruv Said, "I will be tired of working for that Company."

3. He said to his father, "Please increase the pocket-money."

- a) He told his father, "please increase the pocket-money."  
b) He pleaded his father to please increase my pocket-money.  
c) He requested his father o increase his pocket-money.  
d) He asked his father to increase his pocket –money.

4. His father ordered him to go to his room and study.

- a) His father said, "Go to your room and study."  
b) His father said to him, "Go and study in your room."  
c) His father shouted, "Go right now to your study room."  
d) His father said firmly, "Go and study in your room."

**Q.5. Choose the correct meaning of the proverb/idiom.**

**[2]**

1. To hit the right nail on the head

a) to do the right things

b) to destroy one's reputation

c) to announce one's fixed views

d) to teach someone a lesson

2. My car **broke down** on way to the railway station.

a) stopped

b) met with an accident

c) ran out of petrol

d) failed to work

**Q.6. In the following questions, choose the word which best expresses the meaning of the given word.**

**[3]**

1. **SHIVER**

a) shake

b) rock

c) tremble

d) move

2. **CANDID**

a) apparent

b) explicit

c) frank

d) bright

3. Identify the literary device in the given phrase:

“Fair is foul and foul is fair.”

a) Alliteration

b) Simile

c) Metaphor

d) Hyperbole