

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION, 2017-18

ENGLISH

Class - IV

Time : 3 hrs.

M.M. : 80

Date - 11.09.2017 (Monday)

Name of the student _____ Section _____

Instructions –

- Section – A Reading (15 marks)
- Section – B Writing (20 marks)
- Section – C Grammar (20 marks)
- Section – D English Reader (25 marks)

SECTION-A (READING: 15 MARKS)

A.1 Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow: (5)

Spiders are not insects. They belong to a class of animals called arachnids. Spiders have eight eyes, four pairs of segmented legs and can grow a new leg if they lose one. They do not have antennae or wings. A spider's body can be divided into two sections. The sections are the abdomen and the cephalothorax. The legs, eyes and mouth parts are in the cephalothorax section. Most spiders have poison glands and fangs in their jaws, which they use to inject poison into insects. Spiders usually have six finger-like silk glands called spinnerets located beneath their abdomen. A spider uses this silk to make a web. There are about 30,000 different types of spiders known to scientists.

- a) How many eyes do spiders have? (1)
- b) A spider's body can be divided into two sections. What are they? (1)
- c) Which parts of the spider are in the cephalothorax section? (1)
- d) Which class of animals do spiders belong to? (1)
- e) How many types of spiders are known to the scientists? (1)

A.2 Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow: (10)

In most Asian countries, the palm of one's hands are joined to greet a person. In India, this is called Namaste. This style of greeting travelled from India through the Buddhist monks to South Asian countries.

Namaste is a traditional Indian greeting. It is made up of two Sanskrit words, 'namah' and 'te', which together mean "I bow to you". People in the old days believed it to be a way of greeting happiness and prosperity. They explain that the word 'namah' means "I recognise the God in you"? When a person greets another with this feeling, he shows him great respect.

In different languages of our country, this gesture has different names. In Malayalam and Telugu, it is called 'Namaskaram'. In Kannada, Konkani, Oriya, Hindi, Bengali, Kashmiri, Assamese, Gujarati, Marathi and Punjabi it is called 'Namaskara'. In Tamil, it is 'Venakkam'. In Punjabi people say 'Sat Sri Akal'.

In many countries, people often greet each other by shaking hands. This suggests warmth and friendliness. They also say 'How do you do?' People also wish each other at different times of the day with 'Good morning', 'Good afternoon' and so on.

- a) **State whether the following statements are 'true' or 'false'.** (1)
- In many countries, people often greet each other by shaking hands.
 - In Panjabi people say 'Venakkam' to greet somebody.
- b) **Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct word from the passage given above.** (2)
- The word namah means 'I recognise the _____ in you'.
 - _____ is a traditional Indian greeting.
- c) **Tick the correct option.** (2)
- Namaste is made up of two words. Those words are in which language?
 - Hindi
 - Sanskrit
 - A handshake suggests
 - warmth and friendliness
 - dignity
- d) **Find the antonym of the following words from the passage.** (2)
- disrespect
 - same
- e) **How do people greet a person in most Asian countries?** (1)
- f) **'Namaste' is made up of two Sanskrit words, what are they?** (1)
- g) **What is 'namaste' called in Malayalam and Telugu?** (1)

SECTION-B (WRITING : 20 MARKS)

- B.1 Write a Diary Entry on any one of the following topics :** (5)
- Imagine you are Heidi. Write a diary entry about your first day on the Alps with Peter and the goats.
 - Imagine you are Naduk. Write a diary entry about your experience in the court.

B.2 Write a report on any one the following topics : (7)

- a) Imagine you are a newsr reporter. Write a report on the Open Day celebration held in O.P. Jindal School, Raigarh.
- b) Imagine you are a newsr reporter and you were covering the case between Naduk and Lakshman. Write a news paper report on the case.

B.3 Write a letter on any one of the following topics : (8)

- a) You and your friends have broken the neighbour's window. Write a letter to your neighbour, apologising for your behaviour.
- b) It is your exam time and you want to study hard. Your neighbour is in the habit of playing loud music the whole day long. Write a letter to your neighbour requesting him to soften the volume of his music.

SECTION-C (GRAMMAR: 20 MARKS)

C.1 Rewrite these sentences using pronouns instead of the underlined nouns. (2)

- a) Rahul is in class V. Rahul is the class monitor. The children have to listen to Rahul.
- b) Neelu and Jenny are studying. Do not disturb Neelu and Jenny. Neelu and Jenny have a test tomorrow.

C.2 a) Fill in the blanks with 'a' or 'an'. (2)

- i) _____ squirrel and _____ eagle.
- ii) _____ cow and _____ ox.

b) The articles are missing in the following sentence. Mark the place where an article is required with a '/'. Then write the missing article or articles in your answer sheet. (1)

Sun sets in west.

C.3 a) Unscramble the letters given in brackets to find the adjective that suits each noun. (1)

- i) The children in the playground are very _____ (ysion).
- ii) The cat has a _____ coat. (mtohs)

b) Choose the best describing word for each animal and fill in the blanks. (1)

- i) a _____ monkey (rude / clever / mischievous)
- ii) a _____ dog (good / cruel / faithful)

c) **Fill in the blanks with the correct adjectives from the brackets.** (1)

i) _____ (what / why) a beautiful girl !

ii) This is the _____ (own/very) seat number I had last time.

C.4 a) **Fill in the blanks with the proper degree of the adjectives.** (1)

i) _____ hottest.

ii) lazy _____

b) **Choose the correct adjective and write in your answer sheet.** (1)

i) Girish is a busy / busier man.

ii) He is the richer / richest man in our village.

C.5 a) **Rewrite the sentence in two different ways to show possession.** (1)

Those are our books.

b) **Circle the possessive pronoun and underline the possessive adjective.** (1)

i) This box is mine.

ii) These are your pictures.

C.6 a) **Write the past tense forms of the following verbs.** (1)

i) Cry ii) Keep

b) **Write the present participle form of the following verbs.** (1)

i) run ii) fly

c) **Complete the table.** (2)

| basic form | past form | past participle form |
|------------|-----------|----------------------|
| _____ | froze | frozen |
| tear | _____ | torn |

C.7 a) **Arrange the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences.** (2)

i) we breakfast have at will eight o'clock.

ii) me to park mother every takes the evening.

b) **Complete these sentences meaningfully.** (2)

i) The teacher _____.

ii) The children _____.

SECTION-D (ENGLISH READER : 25 MARKS)

D1 Read the following sentences and answer the questions that follow. (2)

- a) 'I don't think I need you to help me after all'.
i) Who said these words and to whom?
ii) What does this behaviour tell us about the speaker?

OR

- b) Their bedroom is full of conducted tours.
i) Whose bedroom is being talked about?
ii) Who are they taking around the house?

D2 Answer the following questions. (Any 4) (8)

- a) According to the poet, which two activities do the people upstairs enjoy doing?
b) According to Lakshman, what had happened to the iron beam?
c) Why did Naduk decide to leave the city?
d) Which three important items of clothing did the children wear on that cold day?
e) By when was Jack supposed to complete his snowman?

D.3 Answer the following questions. (Any 1) (3)

- a) What were the differences between Jack's snowman and Naoko's?
b) How was peace restored in the end?

D.4 Answer the following questions. (Any 1) (2)

- a) Jack and Naoko work together and complete the snowman. Do you think it is good to work together to finish difficult tasks?
b) Sometimes friends ask you to do things that you do not want to do. Is it better to refuse your friend and risk your friendship or is it better to agree unwillingly so that your friendship is not affected?

D.5 Complete the sentences. (2)

- a) Naoko asked her mother if she could go outside and help _____.
b) Once there was a very rich merchant called Naduk who _____.

D.6 Tick the correct option.

(2)

- a) Jack put all the items for decoration in a -
i) bowl ii) bucket iii) glass
- b) The people upstairs go to the bathroom on –
i) skateboards ii) pogo sticks iii) roller skates
- c) They celebrate weekends on –
i) all the days of the week ii) weekdays iii) Sundays
- d) For making the snowman's mouth, Jack used –
i) pine cones ii) sewing buttons iii) a carrot

D.7 a) Fill in the blanks with phrasal verbs given in the box.

(2)

put on, put out, put off, put away

- i) The concert has been _____ until next month.
- ii) The neighbours _____ the fire before the fire fighters came.
- iii) We _____ warm clothes in winter.
- iv) I _____ the dictionary.

b) Match the proverbs with their meaning.

(2)

- | | |
|--|---|
| i) Look before you leap | Too much interference spoils work |
| ii) A friend in need is a friend in deed | Think well before doing something risky |
| iii) A stitch in time saves nine | A friend who stands by you during hardship is a true friend |
| iv) Too many cooks spoil the broth | Do things on time |

c) Write if the underlined words are nouns or verbs.

(2)

- i) My teacher advised us to go to the playground. _____
- ii) Thanks for your advice, Ravi. _____
- iii) My mother devised a method to feed the cat this medicine. _____
- iv) He liked to play with complex devices. _____

