SAMPLE PAPER, 2016 SUBJECT – HISTORY & DP

CLASS - IX

ELECTORAL POLITIS CHAPTER 4

EACH QUESTION CARRIES 3 MARKS.

- 1. What makes an election Democratic?
- 2. Why in modern democracies, people rule through representative government?
- 3. Is it good to have political competition?
- 4. What is an election manifesto? What is it uses?
- 5. What is the difference between by election and midterm election?
- 6. What is a political party? What is its function?
- 7. Election are barometer of democracy explain?
- 8. Explain the power of election commissioner.

EACH QUESTION CARRIES 5 MARKS

- 1. Discuss the importance of election in democracy.
- 2. What is the importance of Universal Adult franchise? Why has it been adopted in India? Give two reason.
- 3. What is reserve constituency? Why do we have system in India?
- 4. What are the different methods adopted by political parties during the election campaign to seek votes?

WORKING OF INSTITUTION

CHAPTER 5

EACH QUESTION CARRIES 3 MARKS

- 1. What is difference between bill and law?
- 2. How is Lok sabha more powerful then Rajya sabha?
- 3. What is an impeachment?
- 4. What is mandal Commission?
- 5. What are the essential qualification for a person to become a member of a parliament?
- 6. Compare the powers of Rajya sabha and Lok Sabah in the field of of ordinary bills?
- 7. Mention the qualification of o the president of India?
- 8. How can the president of India be removed?

- 9. What is a parliament?
- 10. Mention any three functions of the prime minister.
- 11. Distinguish between money bill and an ordinary bill.

EACH QUESTION CARRIES 5 MARKS

- 1. What are the executive powers of the president of India?
- 2. What are the legislative powers of the president of India?
- 3. What are the financial powers of the president of India?
- 4. Under what condition can the president declare the state of emergency in India? What Is the role of president during emergency?
- 5. How is Lok Sabha more powerful than rajya Sabah?
- 6. Describe the power and function of prime minister.
- 7. Describe the power and function of the Parliament.
- 8. What is the procedure of passing an ordinary bill and a money bill?
- 9. What are the constitutional provision foor an independent judiciary?

DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS CHAPTER 6

EACH QUESTION CARRIES 3 MARKS

- 1. Why the rights guaranteed by the Indian constitution called fundamental Rights?
- 2. Mention three major constitutional provisions for the protection of women and children in India.
- 3. Right to constitutional remedies is very special right. Explain
- 4. What is so special about this right?
- 5. Write a short note on Right to religion.
- 6. What is Guantanamo bay? Why was a prison set up there?
- 7. What is meant by preventive detention act?
- 8. What is meant by PIL?

EACH QUESTION CARRIES 5 MARKS

- 1. Why have fundamental duties been included in the constitution?
- 2. What are the chief characteristics features of the fundamental Right?
- 3. Mention the fundamental rights given in the Indian constitution.
- 4. Right to freedom is a cluster of six freedoms. Explain
- 5. The right to constitutional remedies is guardian of all other fundamental rights. Discuss